109TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

S. 364

To establish a program within the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration to integrate Federal coastal and ocean mapping activities.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

February 10, 2005

Mr. Inouye (for himself, Mr. Stevens, Mr. Lott, Ms. Cantwell, Ms. Snowe, Mr. Kerry, and Mr. Lautenberg) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation

A BILL

- To establish a program within the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration to integrate Federal coastal and ocean mapping activities.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
 - 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
 - 4 This Act may be cited as the "Ocean and Coastal
 - 5 Mapping Integration Act".
 - 6 SEC. 2. INTEGRATED OCEAN AND COASTAL MAPPING PRO-
 - 7 GRAM.
 - 8 (a) In General.—The Administrator of the Na-
- 9 tional Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration shall es-

- 1 tablish a program to develop, in coordination with the
- 2 Interagency Committee on Ocean and Coastal Mapping,
- 3 a coordinated and comprehensive Federal ocean and coast-
- 4 al mapping plan for the Great Lakes and Coastal State
- 5 waters, the territorial sea, the exclusive economic zone,
- 6 and the continental shelf of the United States that en-
- 7 hances ecosystem approaches in decision-making for con-
- 8 servation and management of marine resources and habi-
- 9 tats, establishes research priorities, supports the siting of
- 10 research and other platforms, and advances ocean and
- 11 coastal science.
- 12 (b) Program Parameters.—In developing such a
- 13 program, the Administrator shall work with the Com-
- 14 mittee to—
- 15 (1) identify all Federal and federally-funded
- programs conducting shoreline delineation and ocean
- or coastal mapping, noting geographic coverage, fre-
- 18 quency, spatial coverage, resolution, and subject
- matter focus of the data and location of data ar-
- 20 chives;
- 21 (2) promote cost-effective, cooperative mapping
- efforts among all Federal agencies conducting ocean
- and coastal mapping agencies by increasing data
- sharing, developing data acquisition and metadata
- standards, and facilitating the interoperability of in

- situ data collection systems, data processing,
 archiving, and distribution of data products;
 - (3) facilitate the adaptation of existing technologies as well as foster expertise in new ocean and coastal mapping technologies, including through research, development, and training conducted in cooperation with the private sector, academia, and other non-Federal entities;
 - (4) develop standards and protocols for testing innovative experimental mapping technologies and transferring new technologies between the Federal Government and the private sector or academia;
 - (5) centrally archive, manage, and distribute data sets as well as provide mapping products and services to the general public in service of statutory requirements;
 - (6) develop specific data presentation standards for use by Federal, State, and other entities that document locations of federally-permitted activities, living and nonliving resources, marine ecosystems, sensitive habitats, submerged cultural resources, undersea cables, offshore aquaculture projects, and any areas designated for the purposes of environmental protection or conservation and management of living marine resources; and

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1	(7) identify the procedures to be used for co-
2	ordinating Federal data with State and local govern-
3	ment programs.
4	SEC. 3. INTERAGENCY COMMITTEE ON OCEAN AND COAST-
5	AL MAPPING.
6	(a) Establishment.—There is hereby established
7	an Interagency Committee on Ocean and Coastal Map-
8	ping.
9	(b) Membership.—The Committee shall be com-
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- 10 prised of senior representatives from Federal agencies
- 11 with ocean and coastal mapping and surveying responsibil-
- 12 ities. The representatives shall be high-ranking officials of
- 13 their respective agencies or departments and, whenever
- 14 possible, the head of the portion of the agency or depart-
- 15 ment that is most relevant to the purposes of this Act.
- 16 Membership shall include senior representatives from the
- 17 National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, the
- 18 Chief of Naval Operations, the United States Geological
- 19 Survey, Minerals Management Service, National Science
- 20 Foundation, National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency,
- 21 United States Army Corps of Engineers, United States
- 22 Coast Guard, Environmental Protection Agency, Federal
- 23 Emergency Management Agency and National Aero-
- 24 nautics and Space Administration, and other appropriate
- 25 Federal agencies involved in ocean and coastal mapping.

- 1 (c) Chairman.—The Committee shall be chaired by
- 2 the representative from the National Oceanic and Atmos-
- 3 pheric Administration. The chairman may create sub-
- 4 committees chaired by any member agency of the com-
- 5 mittee. Working groups may be formed by the full Com-
- 6 mittee to address issues of short duration.
- 7 (d) Meetings.—The Committee shall meet on a
- 8 quarterly basis, but subcommittee or working group meet-
- 9 ings shall meet on an as-needed basis.
- 10 (e) Coordination.—The committee should coordi-
- 11 nate activities, when appropriate, with—
- 12 (1) other Federal efforts, including the Digital
- 13 Coast, Geospatial One-Stop, and the Federal Geo-
- 14 graphic Data Committee;
- 15 (2) international mapping activities; and
- 16 (3) States and user groups through workshops
- and other appropriate mechanisms.
- 18 SEC. 4. NOAA INTEGRATED MAPPING INITIATIVE.
- 19 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 6 months after the
- 20 date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator, in con-
- 21 sultation with the Committee, shall develop and submit to
- 22 the Congress a plan for an integrated ocean and coastal
- 23 mapping initiative within the National Oceanic and At-
- 24 mospheric Administration.
- 25 (b) Plan Requirements.—The plan shall—

- (1) identify and describe all ocean and coastal mapping programs within the agency, including those that conduct mapping or related activities in the course of existing missions, such as hydrographic surveys, ocean exploration projects, living marine re-source conservation and management programs, coastal zone management projects, and ocean and coastal science projects;
 - (2) establish priority mapping programs and establish and periodically update priorities for geographic areas in surveying and mapping, as well as minimum data acquisition and metadata standards for those programs;
 - (3) encourage the development of innovative ocean and coastal mapping technologies and applications through research and development through cooperative or other agreements at joint centers of excellence and with the private sector;
 - (4) document available and developing technologies, best practices in data processing and distribution, and leveraging opportunities with other Federal agencies, non-governmental organizations, and the private sector;
 - (5) identify training, technology, and other resource requirements for enabling the National Oce-

- anic and Atmospheric Administration's programs,
 ships, and aircraft to support a coordinated ocean
 and coastal mapping program;
 - (6) identify a centralized mechanism or office for coordinating data collection, processing, archiving, and dissemination activities of all such mapping programs within the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, including—
 - (A) designating primary data processing centers to maximize efficiency in information technology investment, develop consistency in data processing, and meet Federal mandates for data accessibility; and
 - (B) designating a repository that is responsible for archiving and managing the distribution of all ocean and coastal mapping data to simplify the provision of services to benefit Federal and State programs; and
 - (6) set forth a timetable for implementation and completion of the plan, including a schedule for periodic Congressional progress reports, and recommendations for integrating approaches developed under the initiative into the interagency program.
- 24 (c) NOAA JOINT OCEAN AND COASTAL MAPPING 25 CENTERS.—The Administrator is authorized to maintain

- 1 and operate up to 3 joint ocean and coastal mapping cen-
- 2 ters, including a joint hydrographic center, which shall be
- 3 co-located with an institution of higher education. The
- 4 centers shall serve as hydrographic centers of excellence
- 5 and are authorized to conduct activities necessary to carry
- 6 out the purposes of this Act, including—
- 7 (1) research and development of innovative 8 ocean and coastal mapping technologies, equipment, 9 and data products;
- 10 (2) mapping of the United States outer conti-11 nental shelf;
- 12 (3) data processing for non-traditional data and uses;
 - (4) advancing the use of remote sensing technologies, for related issues, including mapping and assessment of essential fish habitat and of coral resources, ocean observations and ocean exploration; and
- (5) providing graduate education in ocean and coastal mapping sciences for National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration Commissioned Officer Corps, personnel of other agencies with ocean and coastal mapping programs, and civilian personnel.

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1 SEC. 5. INTERAGENCY PROGRAM REPORTING.

2	No later than 18 months after the date of enactment
3	of this Act, and bi-annually thereafter, the Chairman of
4	the Committee shall transmit to the Senate Committee on
5	Commerce, Science, and Transportation and the House of
6	Representatives Committee on Resources a report detail-
7	ing progress made in implementing the provisions of this
8	Act, including—
9	(1) an inventory of ocean and coastal mapping
10	data, noting the metadata, within the territorial seas
11	and the exclusive economic zone and throughout the
12	continental shelf of the United States, noting the
13	age and source of the survey and the spatial resolu-
14	tion (metadata) of the data;
15	(2) identification of priority areas in need of
16	survey coverage using present technologies;
17	(3) a resource plan that identifies when priority
18	areas in need of modern ocean and coastal mapping
19	surveys can be accomplished;
20	(4) the status of efforts to produce integrated
21	digital maps of ocean and coastal areas;
22	(5) a description of any products resulting from
23	coordinated mapping efforts under this Act that im-
24	prove public understanding of the coasts, oceans, or
25	regulatory decision-making

1	(6) documentation of minimum and desired
2	standards for data acquisition and integrated
3	metadata;
4	(7) a statement of the status of Federal efforts
5	to leverage mapping technologies, coordinate map-
6	ping activities, share expertise, and exchange data
7	(8) a statement of resource requirements for or-
8	ganizations to meet the goals of the program, includ-
9	ing technology needs for data acquisition, processing
10	and distribution systems;
11	(9) a statement of the status of efforts to de-
12	classify data gathered by the Navy, the National
13	Geospatial-Intelligence Agency and other agencies to
14	the extent possible without jeopardizing national se-
15	curity, and make it available to partner agencies and
16	the public; and
17	(10) a resource plan for a digital coast inte-
18	grated mapping pilot project for the northern Gulf
19	of Mexico that will—
20	(A) cover the area from the authorized
21	coastal counties through the territorial sea;
22	(B) identify how such a pilot project will
23	leverage public and private mapping data and
24	resources, such as the United States Geological

Survey National Map, to result in an oper-

1 ational coastal change assessment program for 2 the subregion; and 3 (11) the status of efforts to coordinate Federal 4 programs with State and local government programs 5 and leverage those programs. 6 SEC. 6. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS. 7 (a) In General.—In addition to the amounts au-8 thorized by section 306 of the Hydrographic Services Improvement Act of 1998 (33 U.S.C. 892d), there are au-10 thorized to be appropriated to the Administrator to carry 11 out this Act— 12 (1) \$20,000,000 for fiscal year 2006; 13 (2) \$26,000,000 for fiscal year 2007; 14 (3) \$32,000,000 for fiscal year 2008; 15 (4) \$38,000,000 for fiscal year 2009; and 16 (5) \$45,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2010 17 through 2013. 18 (b) Joint Ocean and Coastal Mapping Cen-19 TERS.—Of the amounts appropriated pursuant to sub-20 section (a), the following amounts shall be used to carry 21 out section 4(c) of this Act: 22 (1) \$10,000,000 for fiscal year 2006. 23 (2) \$11,000,000 for fiscal year 2007. 24 (3) \$12,000,000 for fiscal year 2008. 25 (4) \$13,000,000 for fiscal year 2009.

1	(5) \$15,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2010
2	through 2013.
3	(c) Interagency Committee.—Notwithstanding
4	any other provision of law, from amounts authorized to
5	be appropriated for fiscal years 2006 through 2013 to the
6	Department of Defense, the Department of the Interior,
7	the Department of Homeland Security, the Environmental
8	Protection Agency, and the National Aeronautics and
9	Space Administration, the head of each such department
10	or agency may make available not more than $$10,000,000$
11	per fiscal year to carry out interagency activities under
12	section 3 of this Act.
13	SEC. 7. DEFINITIONS.
13 14	SEC. 7. DEFINITIONS. In this Act:
14	In this Act:
14 15	In this Act: (1) ADMINISTRATOR.—The term "Adminis-
141516	In this Act: (1) ADMINISTRATOR.—The term "Administrator" means the Administrator of the National
14151617	In this Act: (1) ADMINISTRATOR.—The term "Administrator" means the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.
14 15 16 17 18	In this Act: (1) ADMINISTRATOR.—The term "Administrator" means the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. (2) Coastal State.—The term "coastal state"
141516171819	In this Act: (1) ADMINISTRATOR.—The term "Administrator" means the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. (2) Coastal State.—The term "coastal state" has the meaning given that term by section 304(4)
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	In this Act: (1) ADMINISTRATOR.—The term "Administrator" means the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. (2) Coastal State.—The term "coastal state" has the meaning given that term by section 304(4) of the Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972 (16)
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	In this Act: (1) ADMINISTRATOR.—The term "Administrator" means the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. (2) COASTAL STATE.—The term "coastal state" has the meaning given that term by section 304(4) of the Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1453(4).

- (4) EXCLUSIVE ECONOMIC ZONE.—The term "exclusive economic zone" means the exclusive economic zone of the United States established by Presidential Proclamation No. 5030, of March 10, 1983.
- (5) OCEAN AND COASTAL MAPPING.—The term "ocean and coastal mapping" means the acquisition, processing, and management of physical, biological, geological, chemical, and archaeological characteristics and boundaries of ocean and coastal areas, resources, and sea beds through the use of acoustics, satellites, aerial photogrammetry, light and imaging, direct sampling, and other mapping technologies.
- (6) Territorial Sea.—The term "territorial sea" means the belt of sea measured from the baseline of the United States determined in accordance with international law, as set forth in Presidential Proclamation Number 5928, dated December 27, 1988.

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